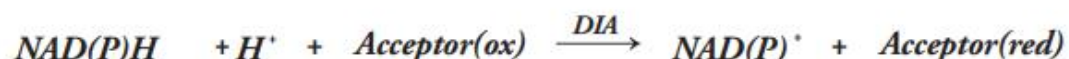


Recombinant Diaphorase (DIA)

D776907

Reaction



Product description

A flavoprotein. The enzyme catalyses a two-electron reduction and has a preference for short-chain acceptor quinones, such as ubiquinone, benzoquinone, juglone and duroquinone. The animal, but not the plant, form of the enzyme is inhibited by dicoumarol.

Appearance: Yellowish amorphous powder.

powder Source: Microorganism.

Enzyme Commission Number: EC 1.6.5.2.

CAS Number: 9032-20-6.

Specific activity: ≥ 20 U/mg enzyme powder; ≥ 35 U/mg protein.

Unit definition: One unit will convert one micromole of NADH to NAD⁺ per min at pH 8.0 at 37°C.

Properties

Stability:	Stable at -20°C for at least two years	
Molecular weight:	24kD	
Isoelectric point:	6.0	
Michaelis constant:	2.6×10^{-3} M (NADH)	
Optimum pH:	8.0-11.0	{Fig. 1}
Optimum temperature:	40°C-65°C	{Fig. 3}
pH Stability:	7.0-10.0 (25°C, 24hr)	{Fig. 2}
Thermal stability:	< 50°C (pH 8.0, 30min)	{Fig. 4}
Inhibitors:	Co ²⁺ , Cu ²⁺ , Fe ³⁺ , Mn ²⁺ , Ni ²⁺ , Zn ²⁺ , NEM, SDS	
Effect of various chemicals:		{Table 1}

Table 1.

Effect of Various Chemicals on DIA.

[The enzyme dissolved in 100mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH8.0+0.1%BSA(5U/ml) was incubated

with each chemical at 37°C for 2hr.]

Chemical	Conc.(mM)	Residual activity
None	-	100%
CaCl ₂	2.0	88%
CoCl ₂	2.0	10%
CuSO ₄	2.0	44%
FeCl ₃	2.0	28%
MgSO ₄	2.0	93%
MnSO ₄	2.0	60%
NiCl ₂	2.0	46%
ZnSO ₄	2.0	81%
K ₄ Fe(CN) ₆	2.0	100%

Chemical	Conc.(mM)	Residual activity
BEM	2.0	96%
NEM	2.0	68%
EDTA	5.0	100%
NaN ₃	20.0	100%
Proclin	0.045%	100%
Na-cholate	0.10%	88%
SDS	0.05%	42%
Triton X-100	0.10%	100%
Tween 20	0.10%	100%

Fig. 1 pH Activity

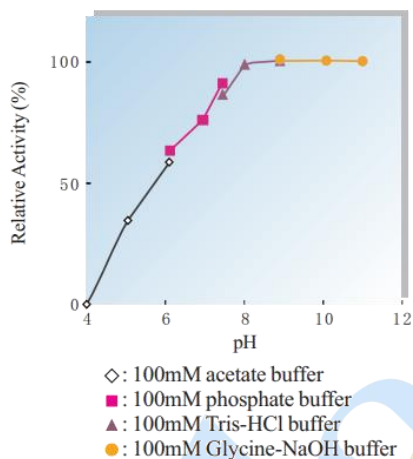


Fig. 3 Temperature activity

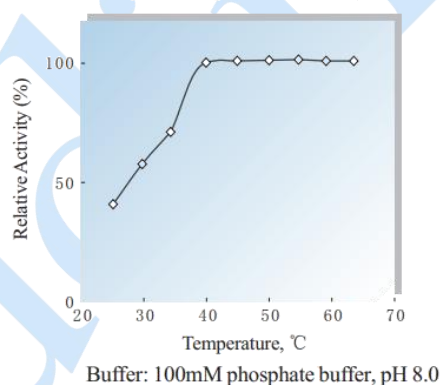


Fig. 2 pH Stability

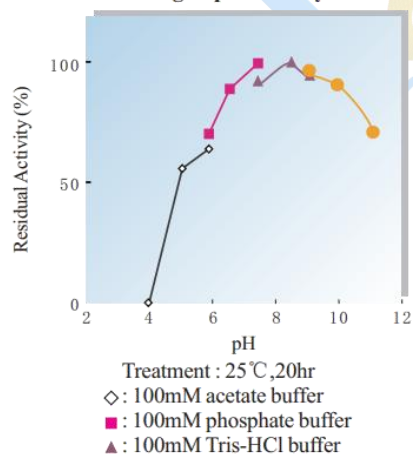


Fig. 4 Thermal stability

